4.5 & 4.6 Combinations p. 270, 273

Name

Date

Goal: Explore how counting combinations differs from counting permutations.

INVESTIGATE the Math

1. If 5 sprinters compete in a race, how many different ways can the medals for first, second and third place, be awarded?

Does order matter here?

This is an example of a permutation of _____ objects, taken _____ at a time.

2. If 5 sprinters complete in a race and the fastest 3 qualify for the relay team, how many different relay teams can be formed?

Visualize the 5 sprinters below. Since 3 will qualify for the relay team and 2 will not, consider the number of ways of arranging 3 Y's and 2 N's.

Does order matter here?

This is an example of a combination of _____ objects, taken _____ at a time.



Example 1: A group of 7 people consists of 3 males and 4 females.

a. How many different committees of 3 people can be formed from 7 people?

b. How many different committees of 3 people can be formed if the first person selected serves as the chairperson, the second as the treasurer, and the third as the secretary?

c. How many different committees of 3 people can be formed with 1 male and 2 females?

Think: you must choose 1 male out of the group of 3 males and 2 females out of the group of 4 females

d. How many different committees of 3 people can be formed with at least one male on the committee?

•	The formula for ${}_{n}\mathcal{C}_{r}$ is the formula for ${}_{n}P_{r}$ divided by Dividing by
	eliminates the counting of the same combination of <i>r</i> objects arrange
•	When solving problems involving combinations, it may also be necessary t
	use the
•	Sometimes combination problems can be solved using direct reasoning. T
	occurs when there are conditions involved. To do this, follow the steps
	below:
	1. Consider only the cases that reflect the
	2. Determine the of combinations for each case.
	3 the results of step 2 to determine the total number of
	combinations.
•	Sometimes combination problems that have conditions can be solved usin
	indirect reasoning. To do this, follow these steps:
	1. Determine the of combinations without any
	conditions.
	2. Consider only the cases that meet the conditions.
	3. Determine the number of combinations for each case identified in step 2
	4. the results of step 3 from step 1.

HW: 4.5 & 4,6 p. 280-282 # 1, 4-8 & 10