

**Quadratic Equations Assignment**

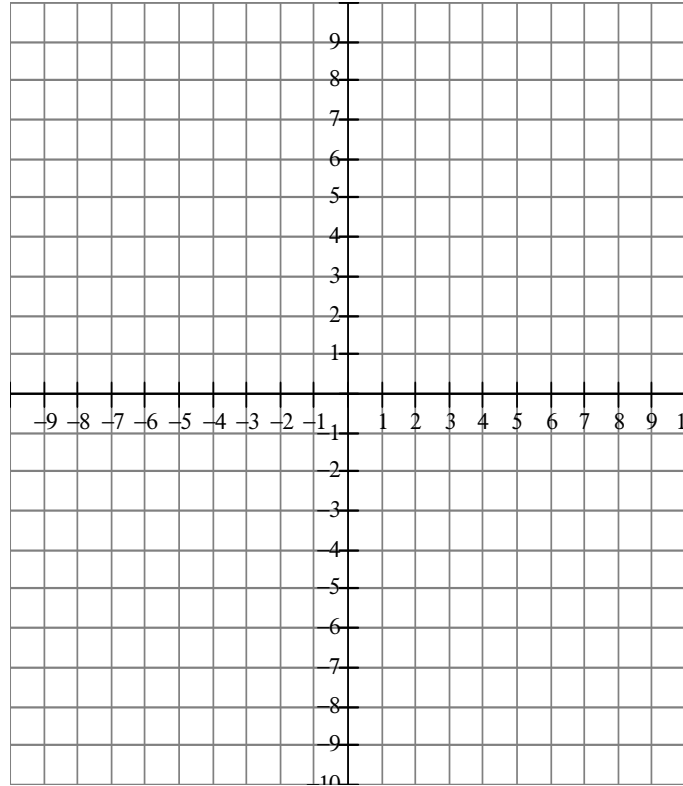
Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Block: \_\_\_\_\_

1. Solve the following by graphing.

$$x^2 + 5x + 4 = 0$$



2. Solve each equation by factoring.

(a)  $x^2 + 7x + 10 = 0$

(b)  $x^2 - x = 6$

Pre-Calculus 11

(c)  $8x^2 = 72x - 144$

(d)  $5x^2 + 20 = -25x$

(e)  $4x^2 + 8x + 3 = 0$

(f)  $2x^2 - 5x = 0$

3. Solve each equation by taking square roots.

(a)  $8x^2 - 7 = 249$

(b)  $9x^2 - 10 = 90$

4. Write a quadratic equation that has the following solutions.

(a)  $-5, 7$

b)  $2, \frac{4}{3}$

c)  $1 - \sqrt{5}, 1 + \sqrt{5}$

Pre-Calculus 11

5. Solve each equation by completing the square.

(a)  $3x^2 - 12x + 9 = 0$

(b)  $x^2 - 12x + 31 = 0$

6. Use the discriminant to determine the number of solutions to each question.

(a)  $2x^2 - 9x + 4 = 0$

(b)  $-6x^2 + 7x - 5 = 0$

(c)  $-6x^2 - 3x + 9 = 0$

(d)  $-x^2 - 6x - 9 = 0$

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7. Solve each equation with the quadratic formula.

(a)  $4x^2 - 3x - 27 = 0$

(b)  $x^2 - 10x + 22 = 0$

8. Solve the following.

(a)  $x - 1 = \frac{2}{x}$

(b)  $x(2x - 3) + 4(x + 1) = 2(3 + 2x)$

Pre-Calculus 11

9. When a football is kicked, its height can be modeled by the function  $h(d) = -0.1d^2 + 4.8d$ , where  $d$  is the horizontal distance that the ball has travelled from the kicker, in metres, and  $h$  is the height of the ball, in metres. Find the distance from the kicker that the ball lands on the ground again. Show all work. (4 marks)

10. A temporary rectangular dog pen measures 6 feet by 8 feet. Bree wants to triple the area of the pen by moving each wall by the same amount.

a) Sketch and label a diagram for this situation. (2 marks)

b) Write an equation and solve it to find the dimensions of the new pen. Show all work. (3 marks)

Pre-Calculus 11

6. The length of the base of a rectangular prism is 2 m more than its width, and the height of the prism is 15 m. Find the dimensions of the base of the rectangular prism if its volume is  $2145 \text{ m}^3$ .